



New Hardware Trends and Spectrum Updates in the Wireless Broadband Industry



Sergiu Albu
Regional Sales Manager

1



PMP 6 GHz
Regulatory Update

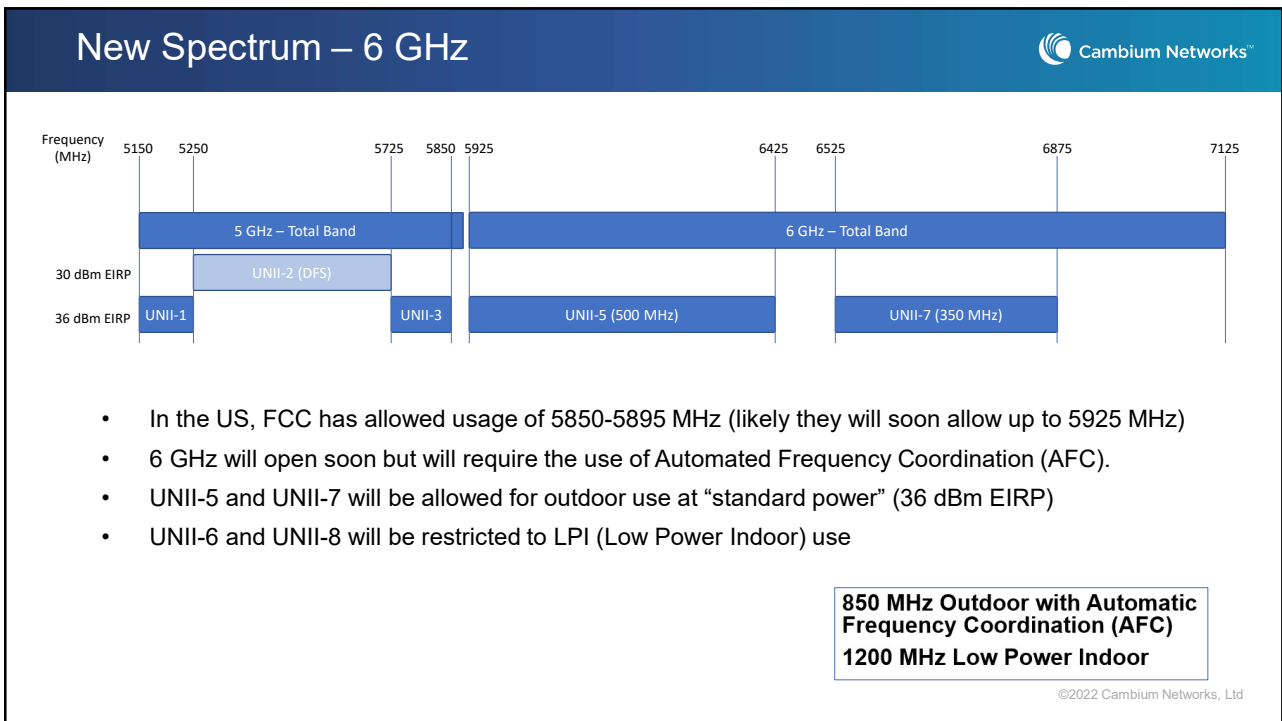
2

Device Class	Operating Bands	Maximum EIRP	Maximum EIRP Power Spectral Density
Standard-Power Access Point (AFC Controlled)	U-NII-5 (5.925-6.425 GHz)	36 dBm	23 dBm/MHz
Client Connected to Standard-Power Access Point	U-NII-7 (6.525-6.875 GHz)	36 dBm	17 dBm/MHz
Low-Power Access Point (indoor only)	U-NII-5 (5.925-6.425 GHz)	30 dBm	5 dBm/MHz
Client Connected to Low-Power Access	U-NII-6 (6.425-6.525 GHz) U-NII-7 (6.525-6.875 GHz) U-NII-8 (6.875-7.125 GHz)	24 dBm	-1 dBm/MHz

- **850 MHz Outdoor with Automatic Frequency Coordination (AFC)**
- **1200 MHz Low Power Indoor**
- **Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making**
 - A. Very Low Power Operation
 - B. Power Spectral Density Increase for Low Power Indoor Operation
 - C. Mobile Standard-Power Access Point Operation
 - D. Higher Power Limits and Antenna Directivity for Standard-Power Access Points
- **Legal Petition to Set Aside FCC R & O**

©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

3



4

Automatic Frequency Coordination

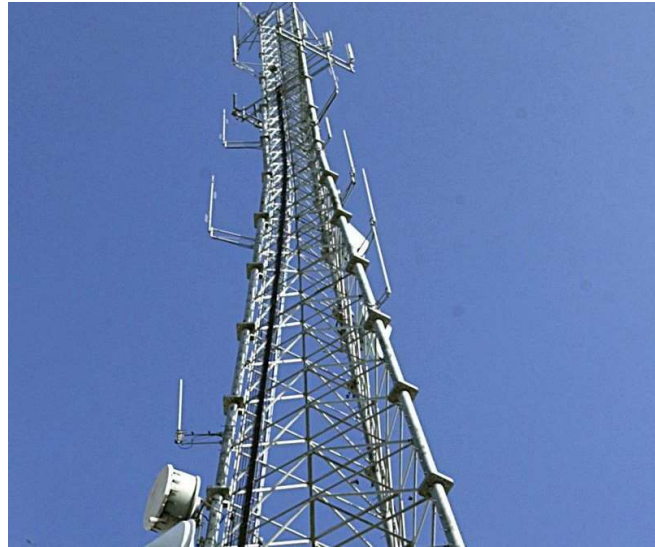


Required to exercise outdoor standard power in 5.925-6.425 GHz and 6.525-6.875 GHz (850 MHz total)

The AFC is intended to protect licensed operators in 6 GHz from harmful interference

- Does not coordinate multiple interferers as does CBRS SAS
- Expect multiple AFCs to be approved and in operation

AFC is now Live!



©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

5



6

Next Gen Platform Capabilities

Feature	Operator Benefit
5 GHz to 7 GHz support in same hardware	Single SKU to stock and maintain
Backward <i>and</i> Forward compatibility	Leverage existing platform investment, migrate gracefully to next generation
Ultra Wide-band support (2x100 MHz channels)	Total Capacity Increase, more bandwidth
Dual Sector Mode	Can operate 2 carriers independently (i.e. one 5 GHz and one 6 GHz), very flexible
Carrier Aggregation – - The two carriers can have different bandwidths	Flexibility in spectrum usage - 5 GHz may be congested and require smaller channel while 6 GHz can utilize larger channel
Transmit and Receive Diversity	Link Budget increase, better nLOS performance and enhanced robustness to interference
Downlink and Uplink can have different channel bandwidths	If AP is subject to additional interference, the Uplink could run in smaller channel size to achieve better signal and higher modulation



©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

7

Platform Capabilities (cont'd.)

Feature	Operator Benefit
Higher Modulation Coding levels	Plans to support 512- and 1024-QAM will increase capacity and throughput
Higher Order MU-MIMO	Simultaneous communication with up to 12 SMs, maximizing spectral efficiency
Frequency Re-use of 1 (i.e. N=1)	Increased Spectral Efficiency
Null Steering and Interference Cancellation	Increase n- and NLOS capabilities, reduce effect of noise

©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

8

Proven Air Interface now adds 802.11ax advantages



ac

ax

ax

Long OFDM Symbol ✓

- 4x longer OFDM symbol
- 20% higher rates
- Enables outdoor deployment

DL/UL OFDMA ✓

- Clients occupy different tone-sets
- Small packet efficiency
- Longer range – close the UL imbalance

1024QAM ✓

- 25% higher rates
- Gigabit Wi-Fi with 2x2 11ax

8x8 AP ✓

- High capacity 8ss SU/MU
- High-precision Beamforming

802.11be features like 4096QAM and 160 MHz Channels also supported

DL/UL MU-MIMO ✓

- Clients occupy spatial streams
- 4-8X throughput gains in DL & UL

©2020 Cambium Networks, Ltd 9

9

5 & 6 GHz



1. High-Performance PMP and PTP Access Networks

- Up to 4 Gbps capacity
- 8x8 MU-MIMO with single user beam forming
- Wide Channels (up to 160 MHz)
- High Modulations (up to 4096QAM)

2. Scalable and Interference Tolerant

- Beam-steering and Dynamic Filtering
- TDD with GPS Synchronization
- Up to 120 Clients per Sector

3. Investment Protection with Low TCO (Total Cost of Ownership)

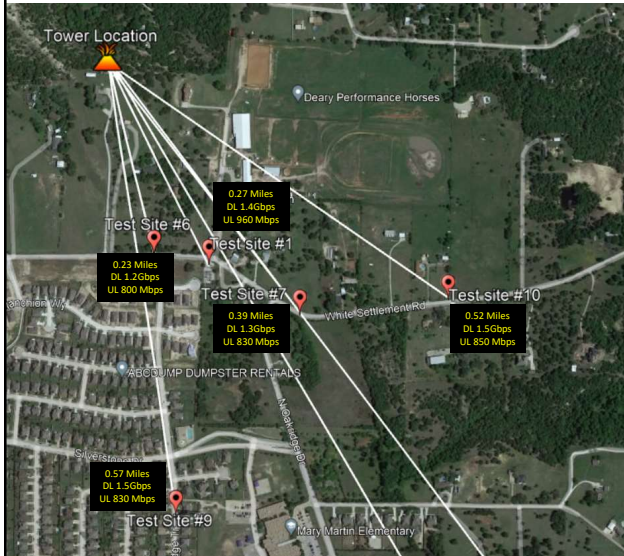
- Proven Multi-Generation Compatibility (802.11n/11ac/11ax)
- Broad portfolio of SMs to meet any ARPU
- End-to-end management



©2020 Cambium Networks, Ltd 10

10

6 GHz Field Trial



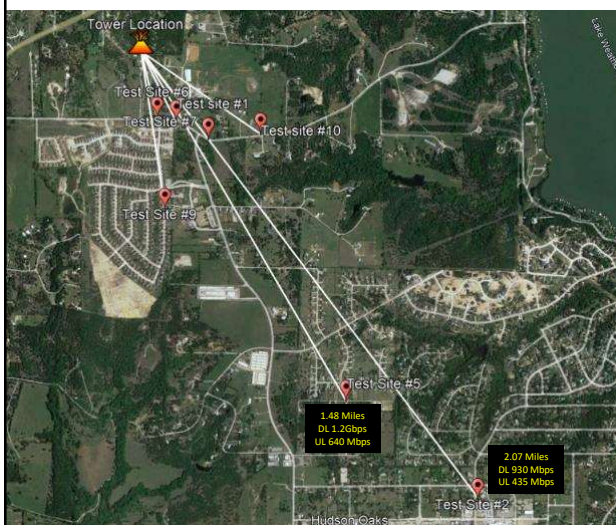
Wireless Internet Service Provider in Texas

	Range	Downlink	Uplink
Site 10	0.52 miles	1.5Gbps	850 Mbps
Site 7	0.39 miles	1.3 Gbps	830 Mbps
Site 9	0.57 miles	1.5 Gbps	830 Mbps

Utilizing 6 GHz with FCC-approved experimental licenses

- 4x4 Access Point
- 2x2 Subscriber module
- Aggregate capacity from \approx 2.0 to 2.36 Gbps

6 GHz Field Trial - at Range



	Range	Downlink	Uplink
Site 5	1.48 miles	1.2 Gbps	640 Mbps
Site 2	2.07 miles	930 Mbps	435 Mbps

5 GHz Field Results

Top contributor 21h · 🇺🇸
 The more I play around with ePMP 4500, the more impressed I am with what I can get away with.



I'm sure that you've all had those sites where you've run a spectrum analysis and when you got the results your heart sinks because it's completely trashed and you don't see any way that you can operate reliably. I've attached an SA from a site that we've tried everything on, including Tarana 5GHz, and we were never able to get stable results, so we pulled all the equipment from the site. As a favor to Sakid, we took a gamble and put up a beta 4500 8x8 AP in the same physical location we had a Tarana AP, and started slowly testing. As the firmware matured and we played around with settings and different client configs, we're now able to reliably deliver at minimum 50Mbps service, and up to 200Mbps service using a 40MHz channel. At this site we had difficulty running 20MHz reliably with previous equipment, and now with 4500 we can run 40MHz no problem. This site is highly contentious and the 5GHz landscape is always changing. With previous 5GHz equipment, I was having to change channels every other month. I haven't had to do that once with e4k since I started testing Fall of 2022. It's fun just plopping my e4k in a small gap in the SA using a 40MHz carrier and still getting a couple hundred mbps. With tools like this, there's never been a better time to be a WISP 😊



You, Fedor Trutsko and 31 others 23 comments

13

AP with 47 SM's



Monitor > Wireless

Wireless Status: Up
 Operating Frequency: 5875 MHz
 Operating Channel Bandwidth: 40 MHz
 DFS Status: Not Available
 Transmit Power: 30 dBm
 Registered Subscriber Modules: 47
 Registered Elevate Subscriber Modules: 0
 Ethernet Status: 1000 Mbps / Full
 Country: United States

Registered Subscriber Modules

SMK Address	IPv4 / IPv6 Address	Device Name	SM Distance (miles)	Session Time (hh:mm:ss)	3000 (bytes) Download / Upload	SMK (dB)	MCS Download / Upload	Downlink Quality	Downlink Capacity	MUX Profile	MUX Rate (Mbps) Download / Upload	Model Name	Version
00000000		00000000	3.493	2022-03-01	567-54	40/42	DS 10/DS 11	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	4.238	2023-1-54	664-54	30/42	DS 7/DS 9	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	3.027	2023-1-51	554-54	36/43	DS 9/DS 11	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	2.375	2023-1-50	554-54	37/43	DS 9/DS 11	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	0.512	2023-1-45	524-54	43/42	DS 11/DS 10	89%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	2.282	2023-1-44	664-54	30/42	DS 7/DS 5	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	0.605	2023-1-42	407-56	29/41	DS 7/DS 7	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	2.188	2023-1-42	490-53	37/44	DS 9/DS 10	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	1.816	2023-1-42	547-54	40/42	DS 11/DS 9	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	3.027	2023-1-39	451-55	35/42	DS 9/DS 11	89%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	3.12	2023-1-39	491-57	27/40	DS 7/DS 7	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	2.633	2023-1-39	554-56	38/41	DS 10/DS 8	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	3.12	2023-1-39	554-54	36/42	DS 10/DS 10	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	1.257	2023-1-38	500-56	45/41	DS 11/DS 10	89%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	1.816	2023-1-36	570-55	36/42	DS 10/DS 9	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	2.454	2023-1-35	414-54	34/43	DS 7/DS 11	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	0.512	2023-1-33	524-54	44/43	DS 10/DS 10	89%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	0.605	2023-1-30	554-53	41/42	DS 10/DS 11	89%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0
00000000		00000000	0.512	2023-1-29	544-55	42/42	DS 10/DS 9	100%	100%	OFF	N/A/N/A	5 GHz Forx 4525 (FCC)	5.8.0

©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

14



15

CBRS and 3 GHz Spectrum

100 MHz of new spectrum

Category	Value
Typical Licensed Block	6.5 MHz
Previous 3.65 GHz Spectrum	50 MHz
CBRS	150 MHz

Priority Tiers

Incumbents

- DoD Radars (coastal areas)
- Satellite Earth Stations

Priority Access Licenses (PAL)

- Up to 70 MHz of spectrum licensed by auction

General Authorized Access (GAA)

- At least 80 MHz nationwide

Establishes a New Common Band

©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

16

CBRS and 3 GHz Spectrum

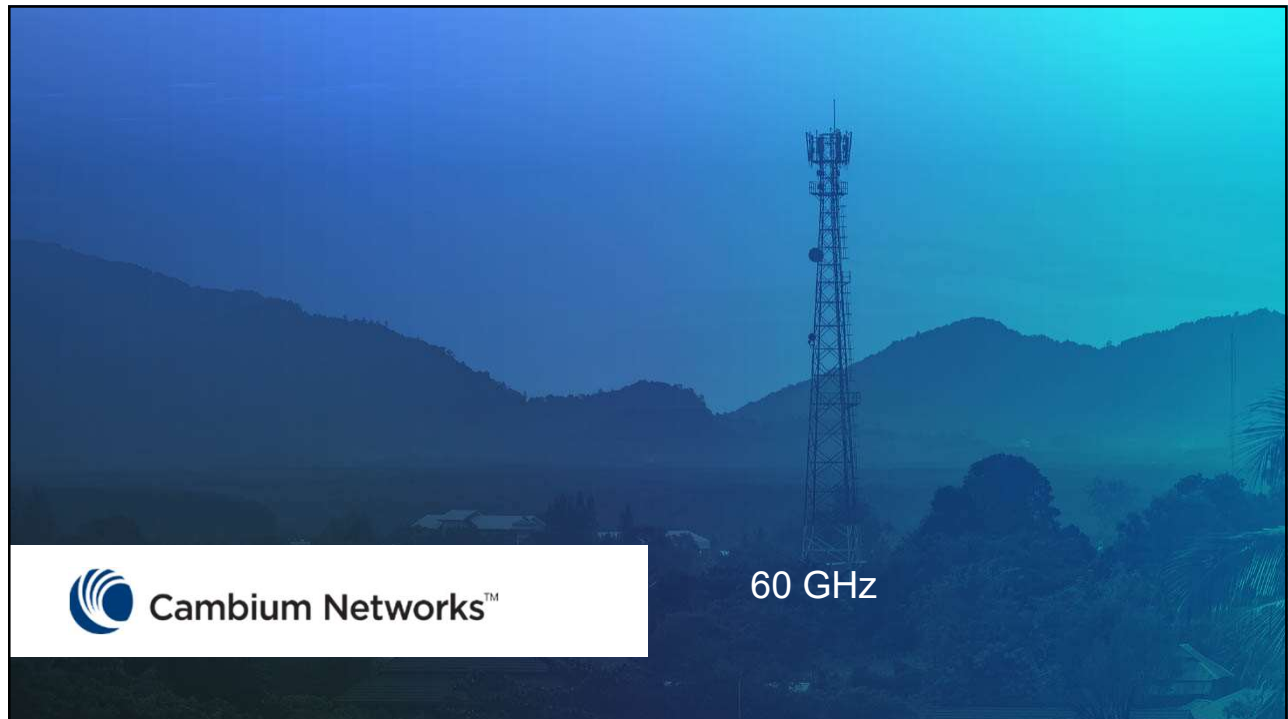
- LTE and proprietary platforms are FCC Part 96 Certified & CBRS ready!
- Multiple SAS Options with simplified administration

federated wireless

Google



17



18

What is the 60 GHz Frequency Band?

- 12 GHz of spectrum from 57.24 to 70.2 GHz
- Divided into six channels
- Each channel has Bandwidth of 2.16 GHz

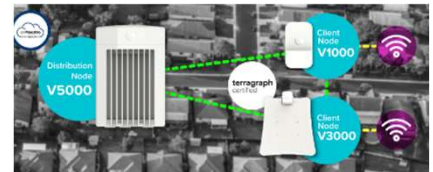
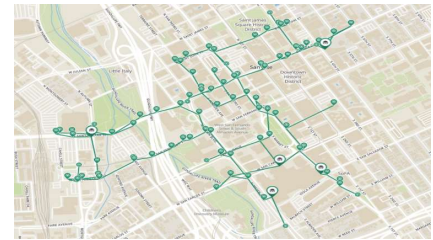
Channel	Center (GHz)	Min. (GHz)	Max. (GHz)
1	58.32	57.24	59.40
2	60.48	59.40	61.56
3	62.64	61.56	63.72
4	64.80	63.72	65.88
5	66.96	65.88	68.04
6	69.12	68.04	70.20

Channel Assignments Vary by Country	
Region	Frequency channels
USA	1,2,3,4,5,6
EU	1,2,3,4
Japan	1,2,3,4
South Korea	1,2,3

What is 60 GHz?

An **innovative** wireless Band which provides **fast, reliable, cost-effective, and quick-to-deploy** wireless gigabit connectivity for communities

- A true alternative to fiber.
- Specially designed radios create a mesh network, connecting multiple nodes in a self-organizing network.
- Supports speeds of conventional fiber and faster
- Highly reliable: Distributed network with sophisticated routing protocols, can self-heal because nodes have multiple paths to the internet
- Uses compact "distribution nodes" (installed on poles and buildings) to form the wireless mesh, and smaller client nodes installed on homes
- cnWave is MUCH lower in cost compared to traditional fiber and VERY fast to deploy. It can be brought to market in a matter of weeks!



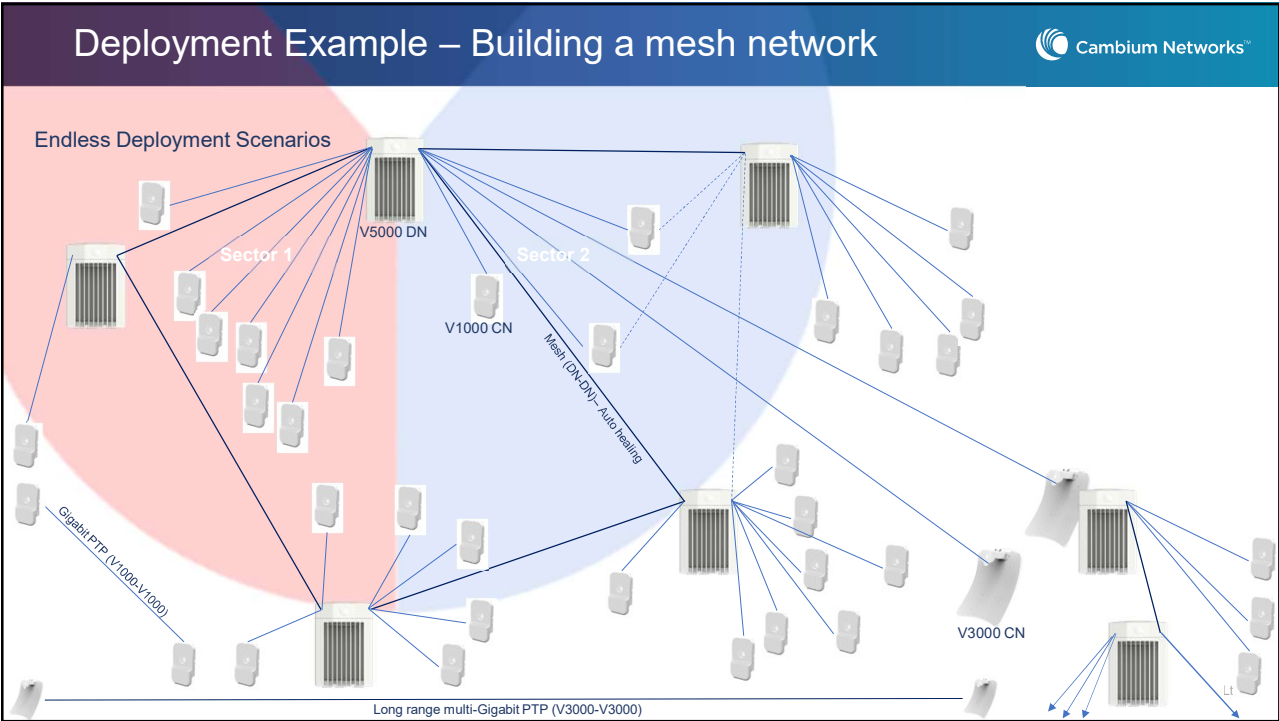
High Speeds



Resilient Mesh



Low Costs
Fast TTM



21

Connect Mobility – Village of Standard

The Village of Standard Achieves Gig Speed in 21 Days

"The internet speeds our residents and businesses are receiving meet their current needs, and larger data plans are available if required. Our community is thrilled to have access to a network that will serve them for years."

YVETTE APRIL
CFO
VILLAGE OF STANDARD

CASE STUDY

Overview

SMALL TOWNS AND VILLAGES CAN'T WAIT FOR FIBER. The Village of Standard in Alberta, Canada and Connect Mobility, Inc. (Connect) created a unique partnership to connect its 376 residents in 190 homes and businesses. This high-speed internet project using 60 GHz crWave technology from Cambium Networks proves that fixed wireless can reliably and efficiently extend the fiber core to deliver gigabit speeds to business and residential locations.

The Challenge

OVER THE YEARS, the Village of Standard had received many promises regarding internet speeds. Each time, they ended up with subpar services. Some residents in the center of the village received great service while others on the outer edges of the

Standard

"Fast deployment of 60 GHz crWave has extended the village's fiber core to connect every business and resident. Adding the ePMP 3000 Wide Area Network was an excellent choice to support local families living on acreages and farms. Its proven architecture made it a great choice for Standard, Alberta."

Merle Isaacson
Owner/Operator
Connect Mobility Inc.

The Results

CONNECT MOBILITY COMPLETED THE INSTALLATION and turn-up of 38 sites in just 21 days, including the 60 GHz crWave and ePMP 3000 devices.

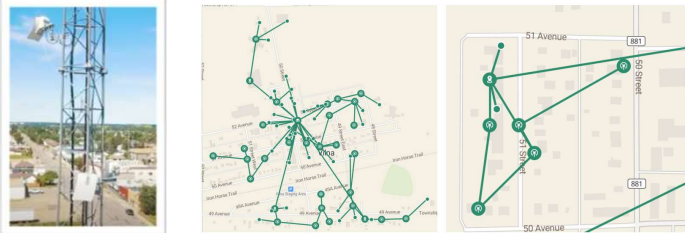
Connect can provide residents up to 1Gbps of download speed, a dramatic improvement compared to the village's previous service speeds, and comparable to the capabilities of fiber. Cambium

©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

22

Gigabit services

- Leverage existing towers and customer homes to create Hub/spoke → mesh networks.
- Work with target municipalities / town councils to achieve buy-in and access to city-owned structures
- High ratio of DNs vs. CNs to enable mesh
- Deliver major upgrade to gigabit/fiber-like speed.
- Capitalize on the buzz coming from delighted customers enjoying their new ultra-fast internet
- Marketing blitz for each new township



©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

23

Example: Fiber vs. cnWave in small network

The Challenge:

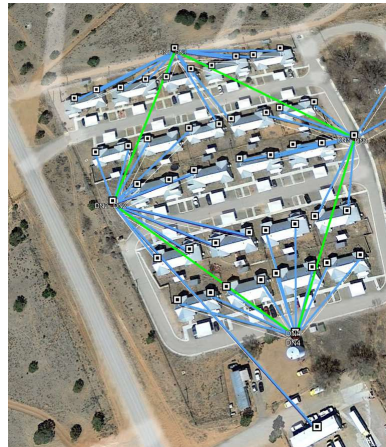
Deploy broadband to all homes



- Blue= Existing Fiber, Orange= Existing Copper
- **Estimated \$150K+** project to deploy Fiber to all homes
- Fiber too expensive and will take too long!

The Solution:

cnWave Wireless Mesh



- Est. \$15K for cnWave including poles and solar power
- Deployed in days, not months

©2022 Cambium Networks, Ltd

24

